







Overview of GEN IV Demonstration Projects in China

***Jiashu, TIAN, EG Member
China National Nuclear Corporation***

***4th GIF Symposium Presentation
UIC, Paris, France
October 16-17, 2018***

Main Outlines

-  *VHTR - SSC Signatory*
-  *SFR - SSC Signatory*
-  *SCWR - SSC Signatory*
-  *MSR - Observer*
-  *LFR - Observer*

Outlines — VHTR

- Overview
- *HTR-PM project in China*
- *Prospects for VHTR*

*****The Content of This Part is Provided by Institute of Nuclear and New Energy Technology, Tsinghua University.***

1. Overview

- *China has large investment and activities on VHTR*
 - *HTR-PM is a demonstration of power plant*
 - *HTR-PM will be operated in 2020*
 - *China will continue the development of VHTR, HTR-PM600 will be followed*
- *China joined all PMBs in VHTR*

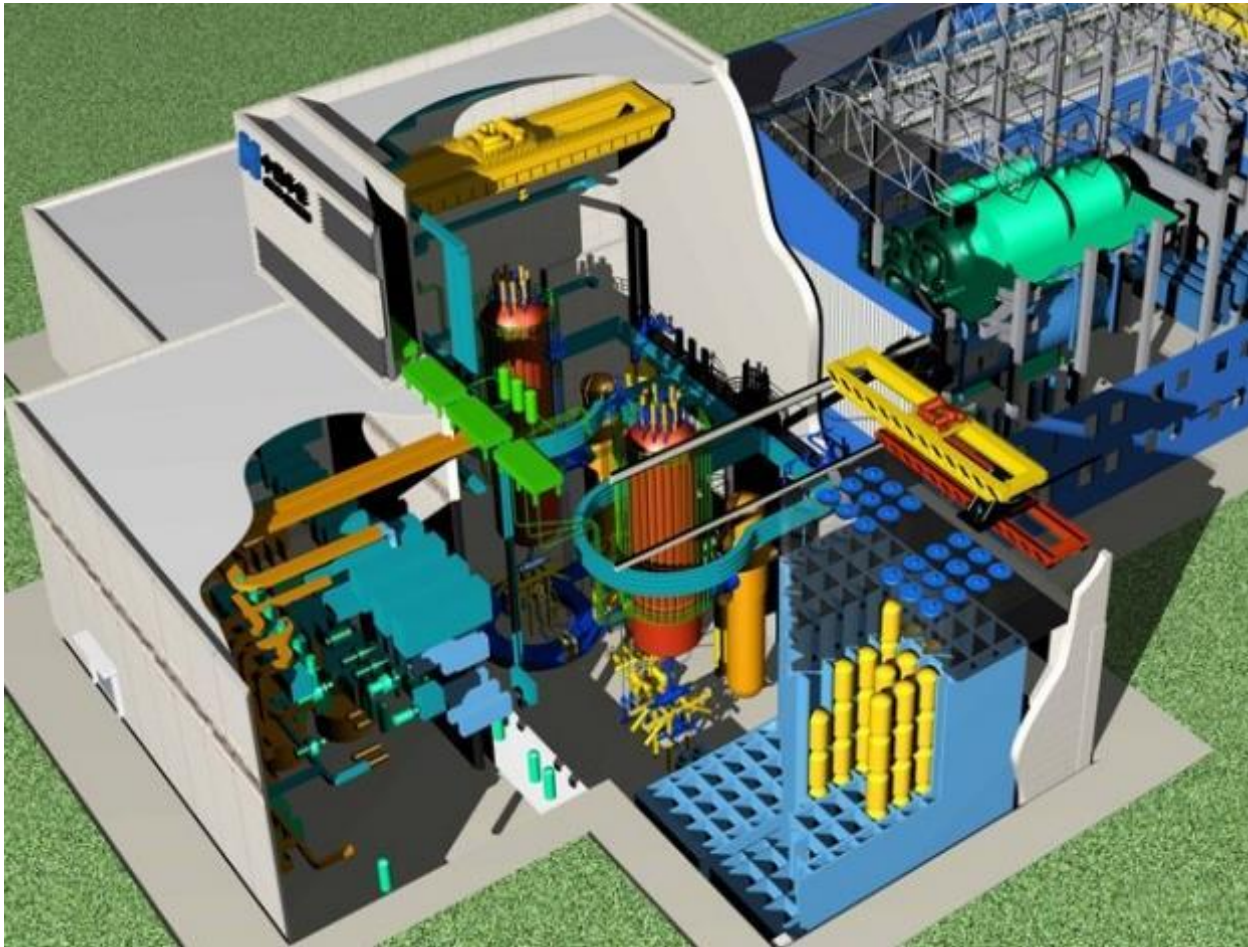
2. HTR-PM project

- *HTR-PM is a power plant demonstration, supported by central government, main milestones:*
 - *Feasibility study began in 2003*
 - *Design was fixed in 2006*
 - *FCD was taken place on Dec.9,2011*
 - *Full power operation is scheduled in 2020*

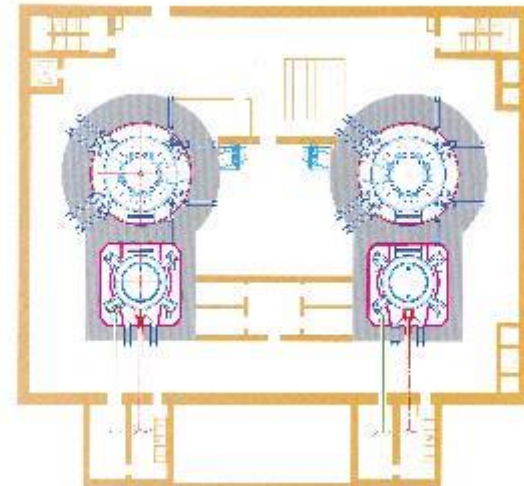
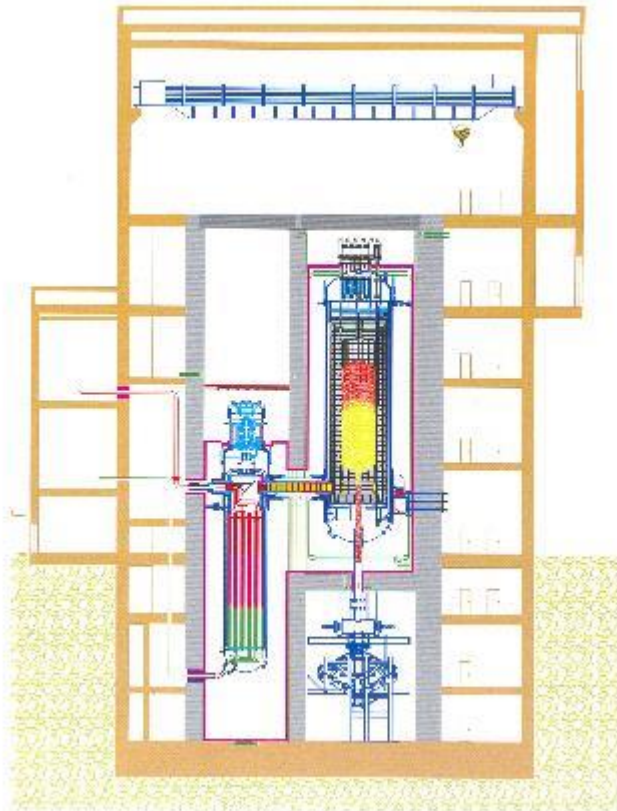
2. HTR-PM project

- *HTR-PM design features:*
 - *Single zone, pebble bed*
 - *Steam cycle*
 - *Standardized reactor with 250MWt*
 - *Two NSSS modules coupled with one 200MWe steam turbine*
 - » *HTR-PM600 will have 6 NSSS modules, has capacity 600MWe,*
 - » *The reactor modules is same as that in HTR-PM*

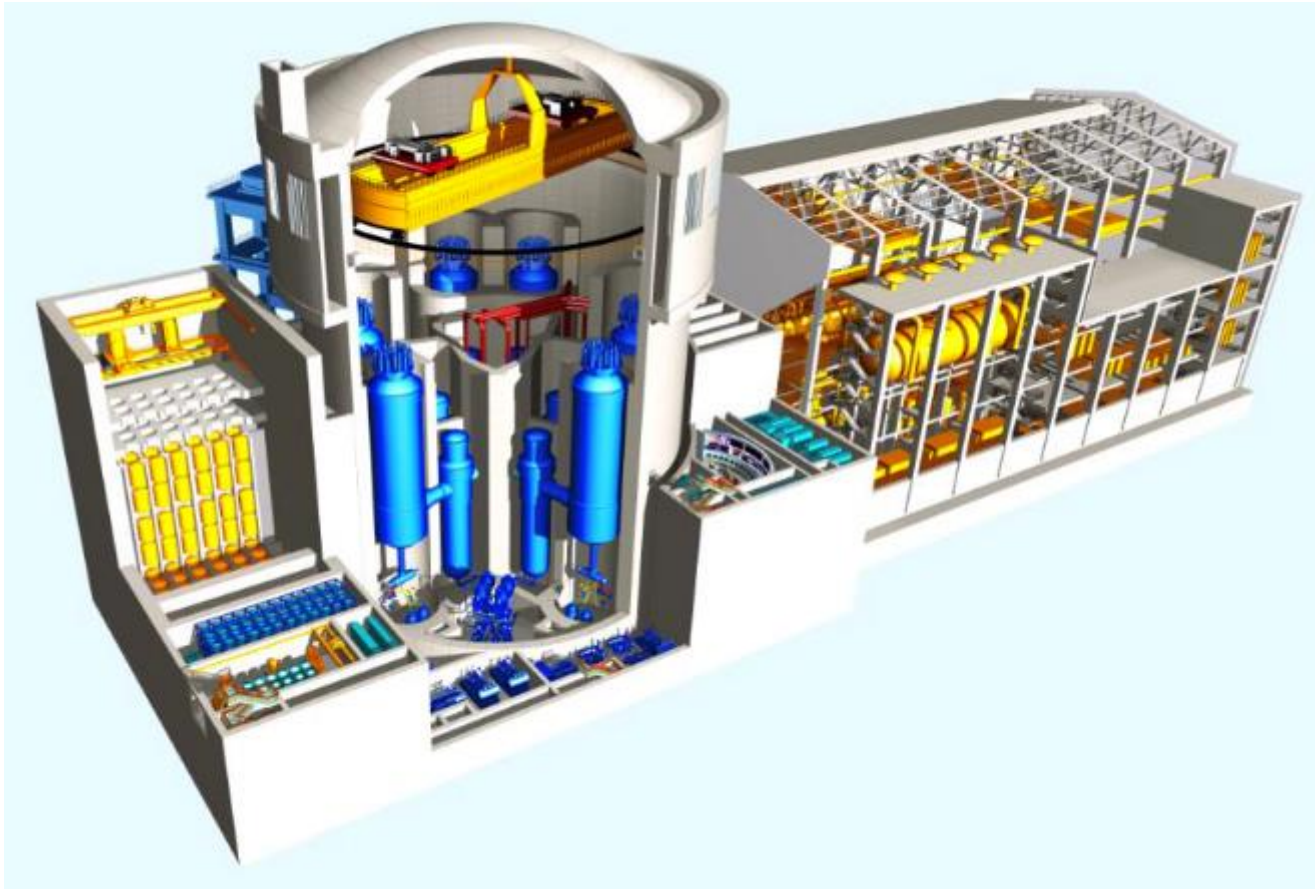
2. HTR-PM project



2. HTR-PM project - Twin reactors configuration



2. HTR-PM project - HTR-PM600



2. HTR-PM project - HTR-PM600

- *Design improvement*
 - *Same key components demonstrated in HTR-PM*
 - » *Same reactor modules used in HTR-PM*
 - *Single unit arrangement for standardization*
 - *Modular construction*
 - *Reduce the construction time*
 - *60 years lifetime*
 - *Capability to withstand commercial airplane crash*
 - *Compact arrangement inside the buildings*
 - *Simplify the auxiliary system further*

2. HTR-PM project - HTR-PM600

- *HTR-PM600 progress*
 - *First version of design was finished in September 2017*
 - *Economy feature will be improved than HTR-PM*
 - *Same components used in HTR-PM, less volume in building, simplified system configuration*

3. Prospects for VHTR

- *Highlights of VHTR:*
 - *High efficiency*
 - *Versatile applications: electricity, cogeneration, process heat, ...*
 - *Inherent safety*
 - *Relatively mature*
 - » *HTR-PM is a good demonstration for VHTR future*

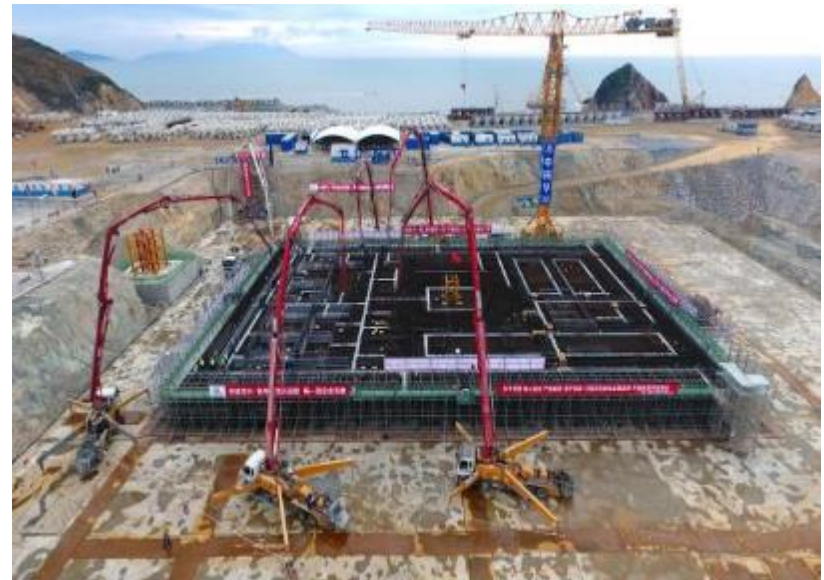
Outlines — SFR Demo plant

- *Preliminary plan of CFR600*
- *Main design parameters of CFR600*
- *Fuel and Material Development*
- *MOX Fuel*

*****The Content of This Part is Provided by China Institute of Atomic Energy, CNNC.***

1. Preliminary plan of CFR600

- 2015.12, *Concept design*
- 2016.12, *Preliminary design*
- 2017.12, *Detail design, FCD*
- 2023.12, *Put into operation*



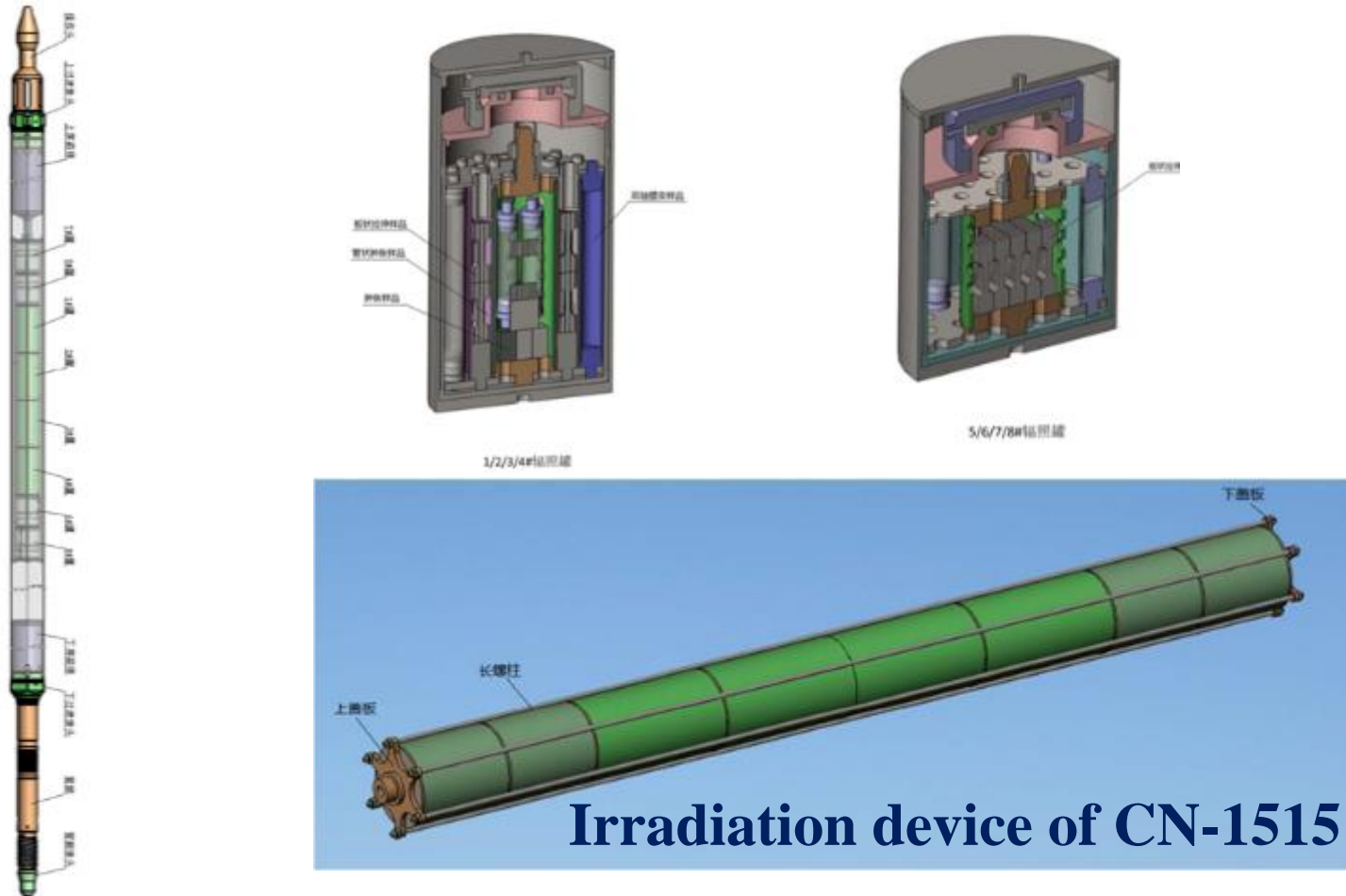
3. MOX Fuel - Significant progress

- *MOX fuel pellet specimens has been fabricated in laboratory scale.*
- *Domestic 15-15Ti (CN-1515) structural materials including cladding and wrapper has been fabricated.*
- *MOX fuel subassembly production line in laboratory scale has been achieved, the manufacturing process tests of MOX fuel subassembly are ongoing.*
- *The construction of MOX fuel subassembly production line in industrialization scale is under way.*

3. MOX Fuel – pellets, cladding and wrapper



4. MOX Fuel - Further Work



Outlines — SCWR

- *Introduction*
- *System Design*
- *Thermal Hydraulics*
- *Materials and Water Chemistry*

*****The Content of This Part is Provided by Nuclear Power Institute of China, CNNC.***

1. Introduction

- *In 2003, Research on SCWR with a strategic R&D plan completed and proposed*
- *In 2007, China Minister of Science and Technology (MOST) supported the basic research project named “Study on scientific problems of SCWR”*
- *In 2009, CAEA supported the first technology research project named “R&D on SCWR technology (phase I)” to propose up the China SCWR design*
- *In 2014 , China joined the SCWR System Arrangement, signed SA extension in 2016 and joined the SCWR TH&S and M&C PMB in July 2017*

2. System Design - Parameters

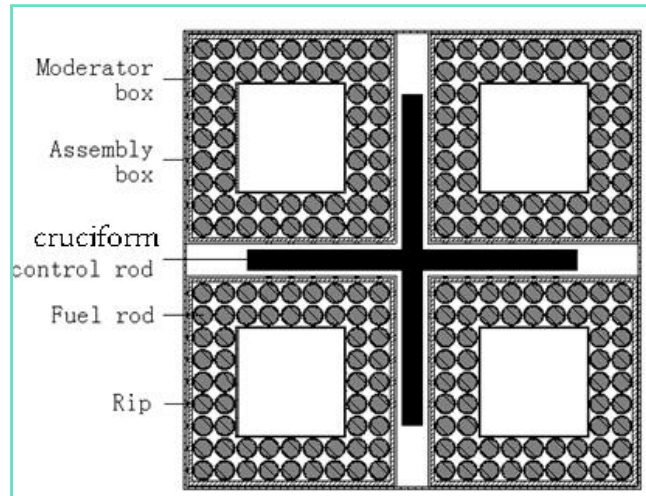
- Based on abundant fundamental research achievements, a SCWR conceptual design named CSR1000 has been established with the following features:

- Pressure vessel
- Thermal neutron spectrum
- Light water as moderator
- Two flow-pass of coolant in core
- Direct once-through cycle

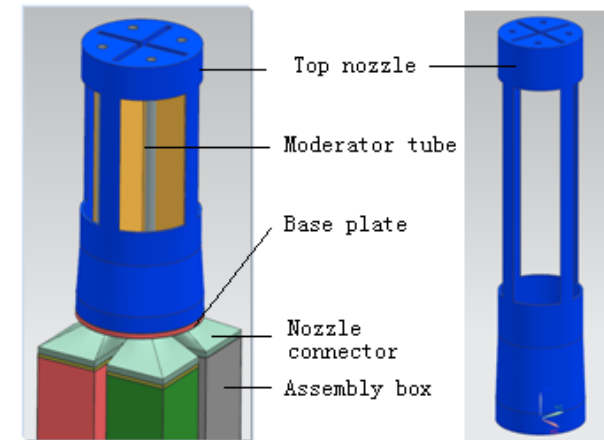
CSR1000 design parameters

Parameters	Value
Thermal power	2300MW
Electric power	~1000MWe
Efficiency	~44%
System pressure	25.0MPa
Design pressure	27.5MPa
Reactor coolant inlet temp.	280°C
Reactor coolant outlet temp.	500°C
Coolant mass flow rate	1190 kg/s
Loop number	2
Neutron spectrum	Thermal
Cycle	once-through
Design lifetime	60 years

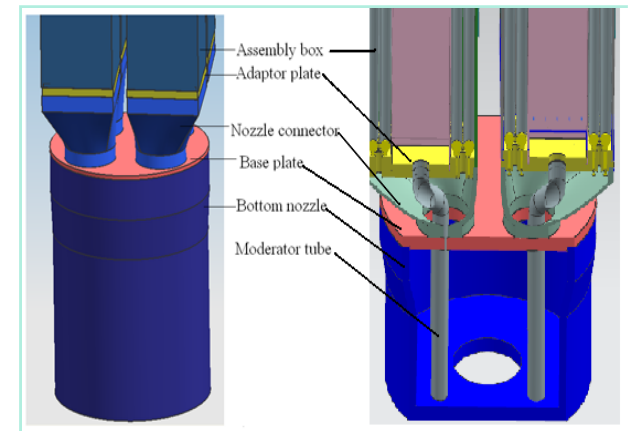
2. System Design - FA Design



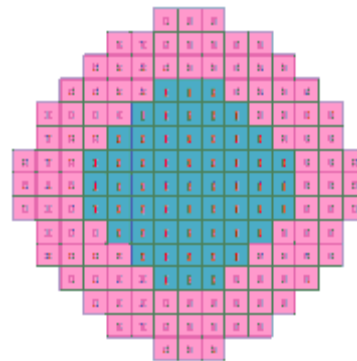
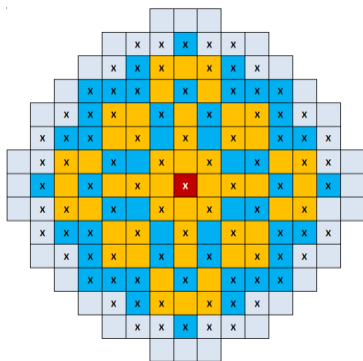
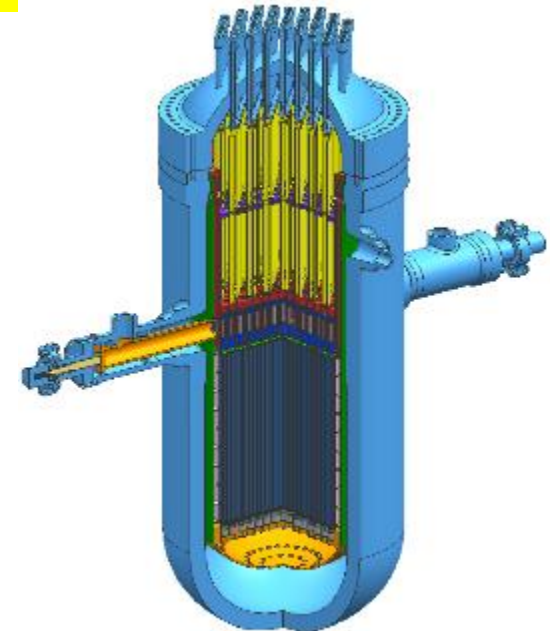
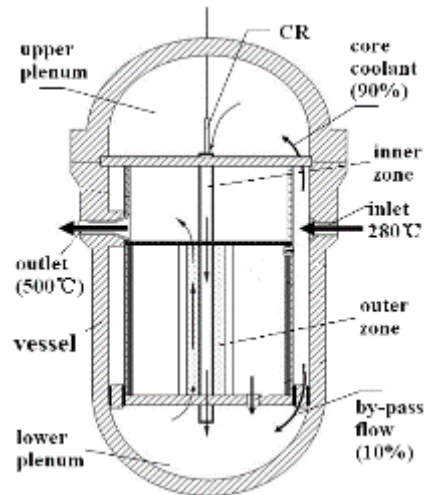
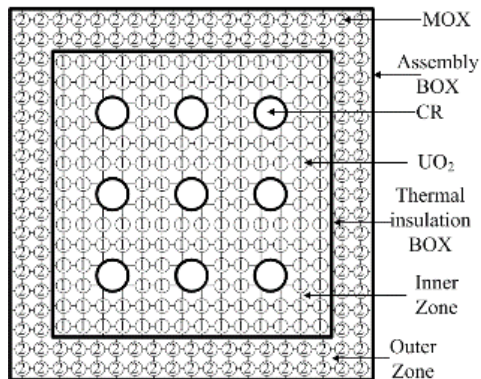
Structure



- ❑ A square FA with two-row FRs and a central moderator box
- ❑ 4200mm active length; $\Phi 9.5$ RD
- ❑ SiC cladding; Cruciform control rod
- ❑ Assembly box thickness: 2mm
- ❑ Moderator box thickness: 0.8mm



2. System Design – Core Design

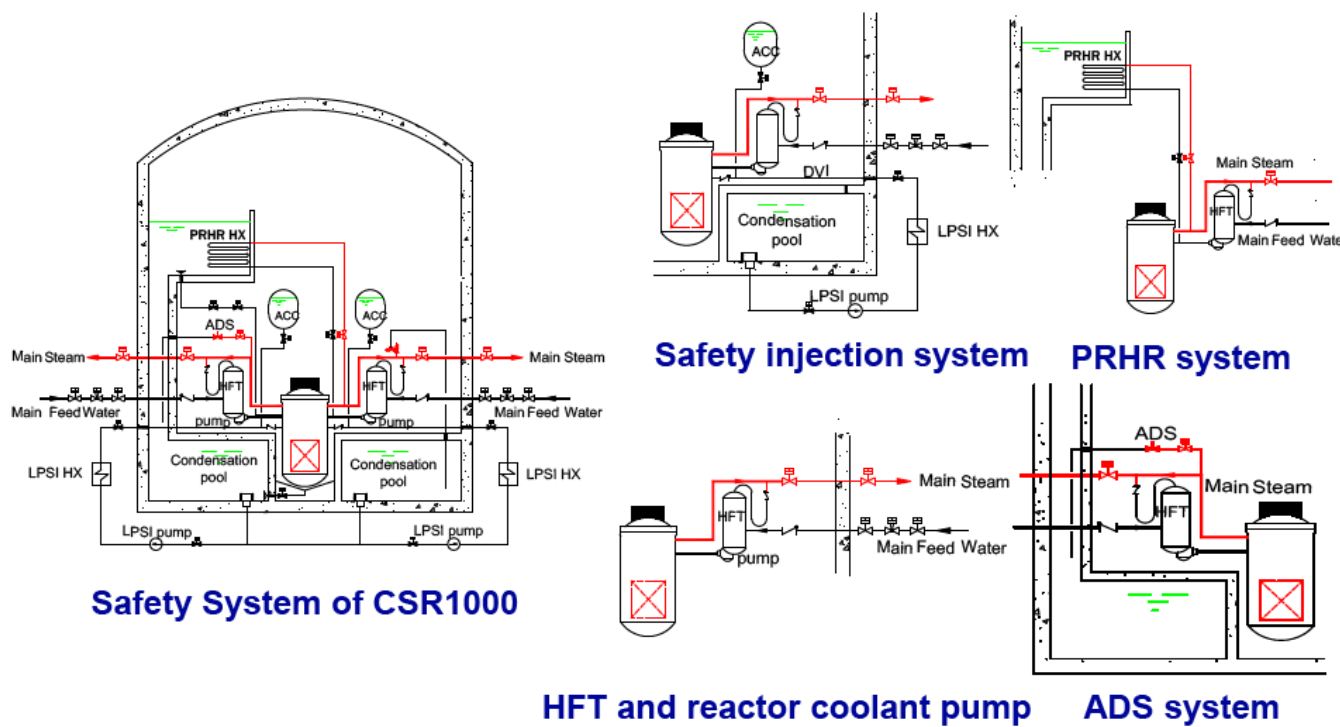


- Height 16.0m
- O.D. 5.3m
- thickness 0.44m
- Material 508III (T.D.)

Radial Zone Distribution of flow path Radial Zone Distribution of control rod

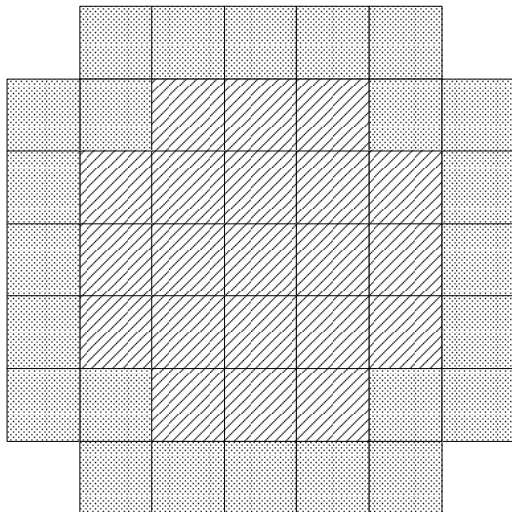
2. System Design - Safety Design

- Conceptual design of safety system of CSR1000 has been accomplished, including passive safety system and active safety system



2. System Design - CSR150 Design

- Based on CSR1000, the conceptual design of the technical demonstration CSR150 has been proposed



CSR150 design parameters

Parameters	Value
Thermal power	375MW
Electric power	150MWe
Efficiency	~40%
System pressure	25.0MPa
Inlet/outlet temp.	280°C/500°C
Coolant mass flow rate	193.7 kg/s
Neutron spectrum	Thermal
Coolant flow scheme	tow-pass
²³⁵ U Enrichment	5.7&7.2
Average power density	~60MW/m ³
Active core height	2.5m
Cladding material	310S

3. Thermal Hydraulics

- *The SCWR thermal hydraulics research in China includes four major aspects:*
 - *Heat transfer and flow tests of SCW in tubes, annular channel and simple rod bundles*
 - *Safety performance related tests including natural circulation, critical flow, CHF near critical pressure*
 - *Flow stability research of SCW in parallel Channels*
 - *Assessment and applicability of analysis codes*
- *Based on the above research work, a T-H database of SC fluid has been established, and some thermal hydraulic characteristics of SC fluid have been obtained*

3. Thermal Hydraulics - T/H Facilities

- Up to now, China has setup some SCW test facilities, from small scale to larger scale, to fulfill the R&D request*

Loop	LSWT	SSWT	SNCL	XJHPW L-X	XJHPW L-M	XJHPW L-S	SWAM P
Organization	NPIC	NPIC	NPIC	XJTU	XJTU	XJTU	SJTU
Pressure(MPa)	32	30	30	40	40	40	30
Flowrate(t/h)	30	0.5	Natural Circulation	4.5	1.0	0.2	5
Heating Power	5MW	0.32MW	0.1MW	Sharing with electrical heating power 1.4 MW, Recover about 50% to 70% with a heat exchanger			1.2MW

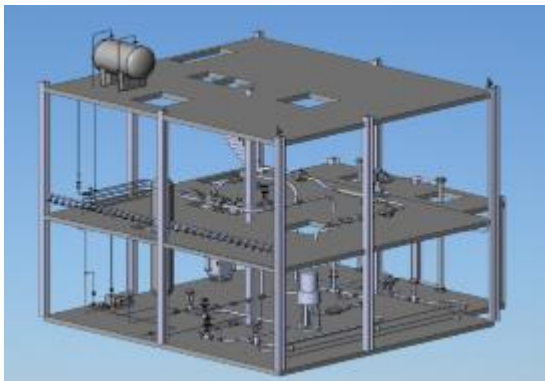
3. Thermal Hydraulics - T/H Facilities



SNCL, operation in 2012



SSWT, operation in 2009



LSWT, operation in 2012



3. Thermal Hydraulics - T/H Facilities



XJHPWL-X



XJHPWL-M



XJHPWL-S

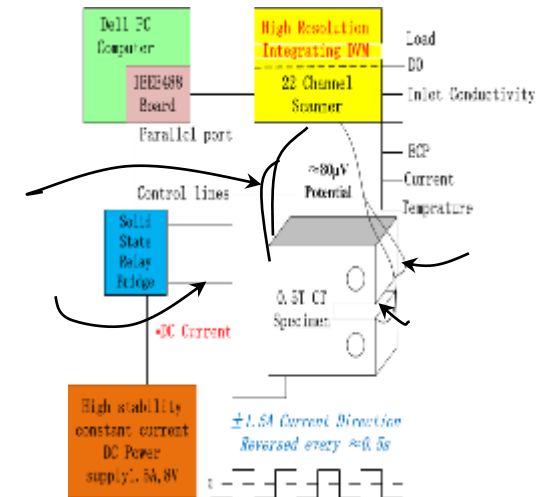
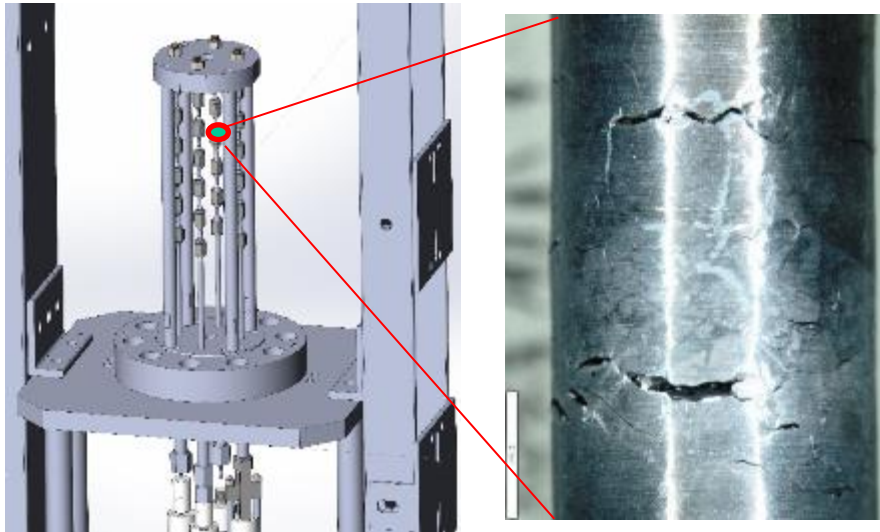


SWAMP

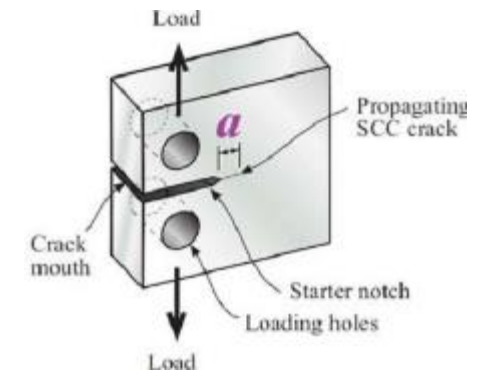
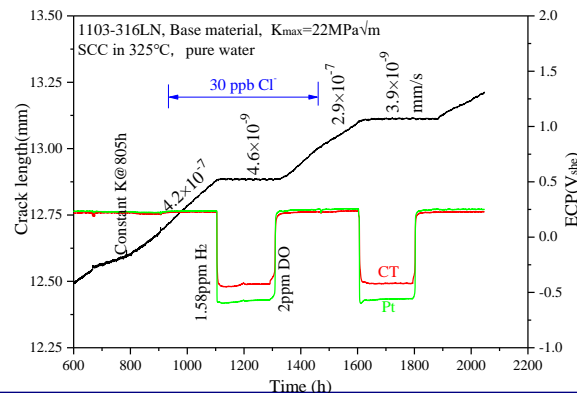
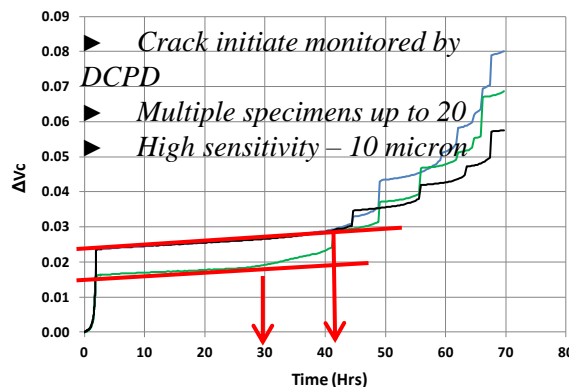
4. Materials and Water Chemistry

- *The SCWR material research in China includes four major aspects:*
 - *Screening of major candidate materials for fuel cladding and internal component*
 - *Mechanical property study of major candidate materials for fuel cladding and internal component*
 - *Corrosion property study of major candidate materials for fuel cladding and internal component*
 - *SCC property study of major candidate materials for fuel cladding and internal component*
- *Preliminary property assessments of several kinds of candidate materials have been obtained, and a material database of out-of-pile performances has been set up*

4. Materials and Water Chemistry - Some Results



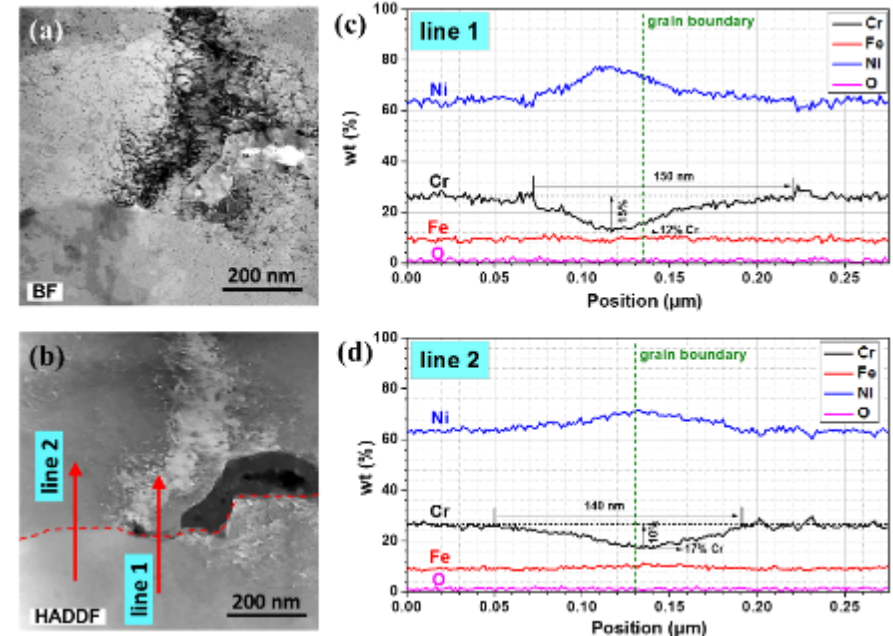
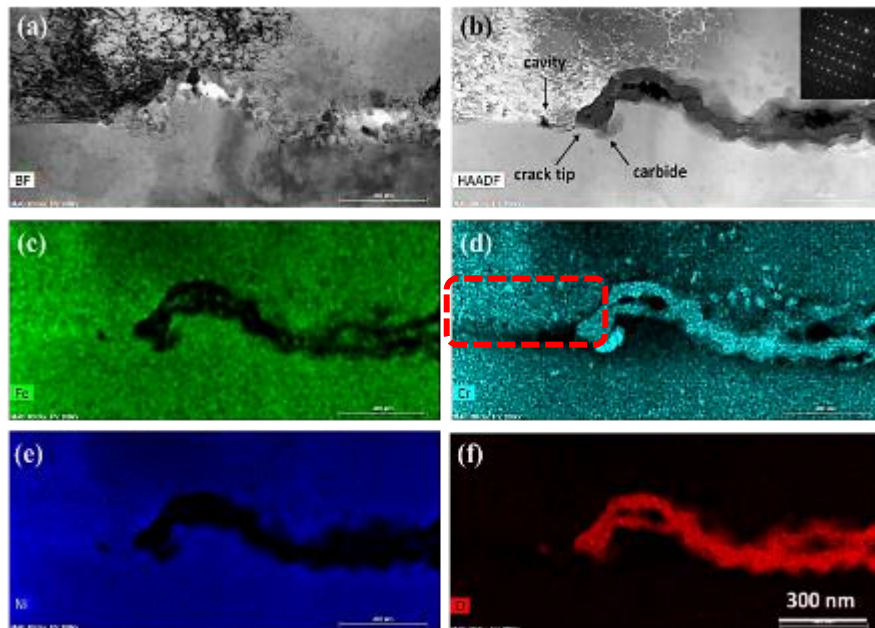
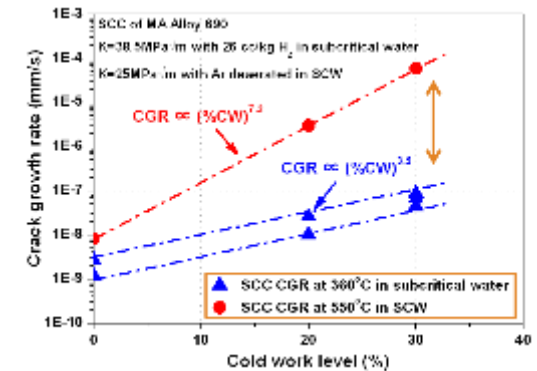
Multi axis/section/channel crack growth facility



DCPD crack length measurement

4. Materials and Water Chemistry - Some Results

- The sensitization of 690 Alloy SCC
 - Low content Cr at the crack boundary
 - Sensitization accelerates crack growth
 - SCC is more sensitive to cold work



Outlines — MSR

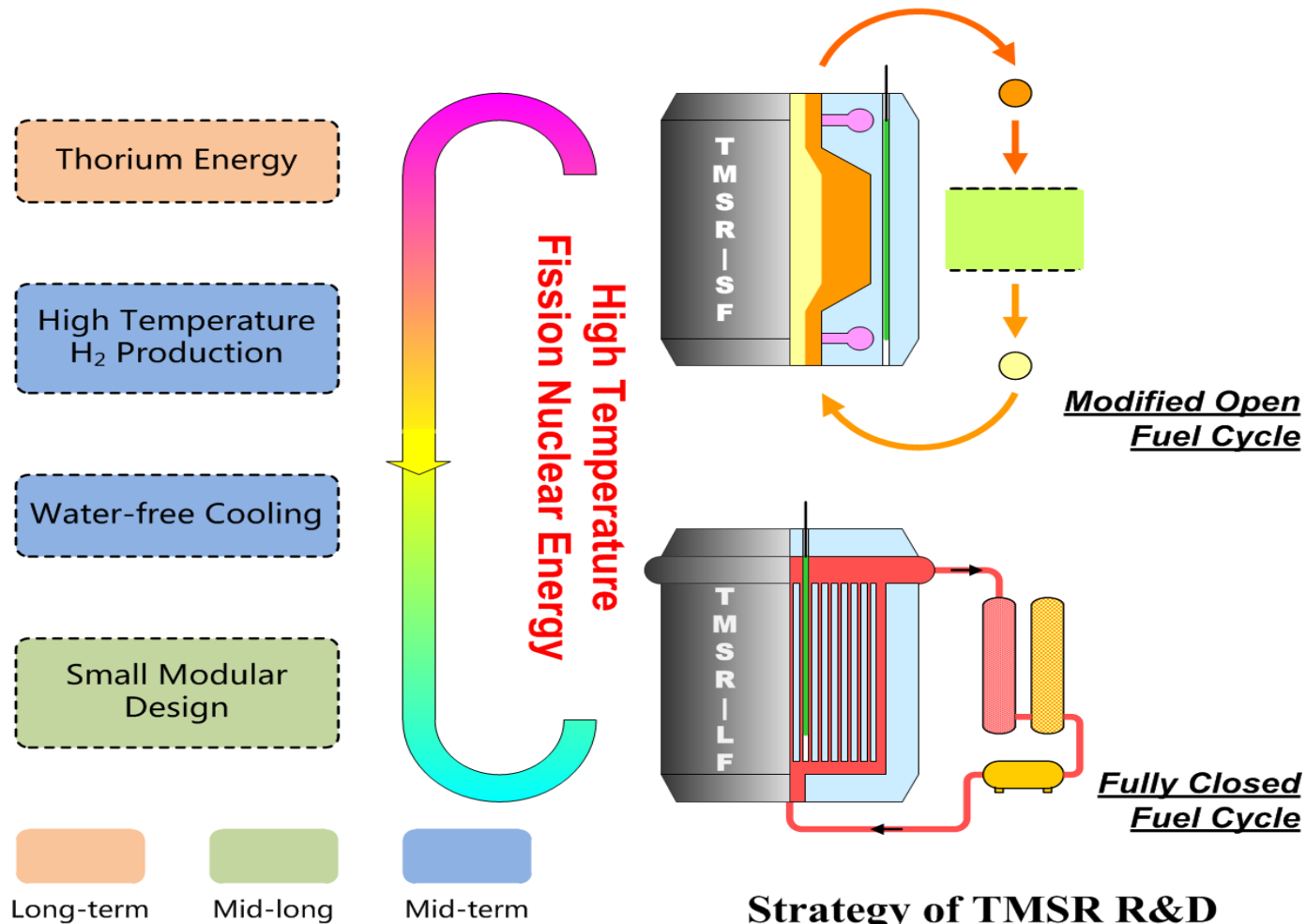
- *Introduction*
- *Systems and Techs of TMSR*
- *TMSR Design*

*****The Content of This Part is Provided by Shanghai Institute of Applied Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences.***

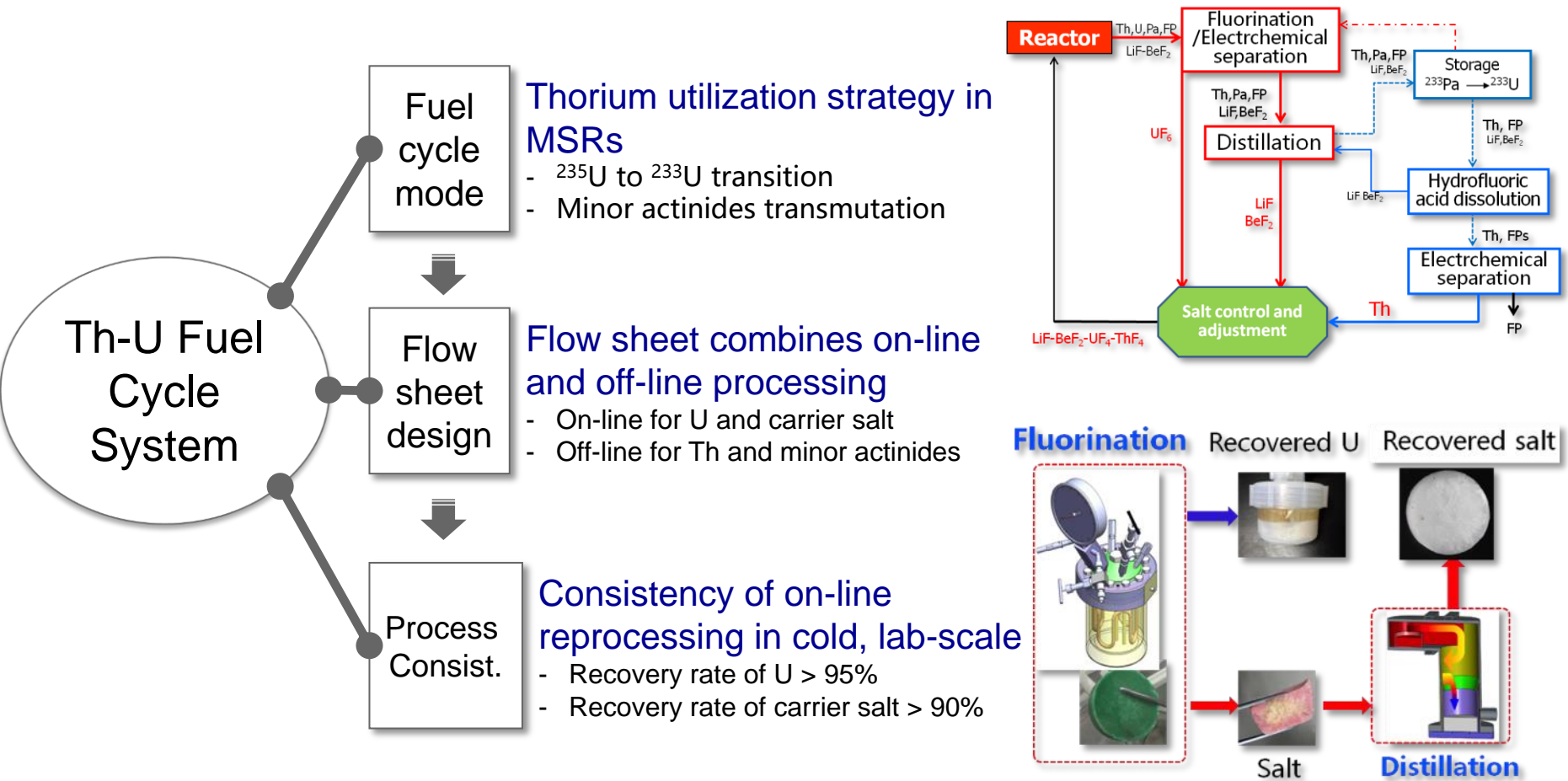
1. Introduction

- *TMSR is to develop the TMSR-LF and TMSR-SF in the next 20 to 30 years*
 - *Use thorium fuel and closed fuel cycle*
 - *Nuclear heat application*
- *TMSR-LF, a liquid fuel molten salt reactor or MSR*
- *TMSR-SF, a solid fuel molten salt reactor or FHR*
- *Program was initiated by the Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS) in 2011*

1. Introduction - TMSR Fuel Cycles and Applications

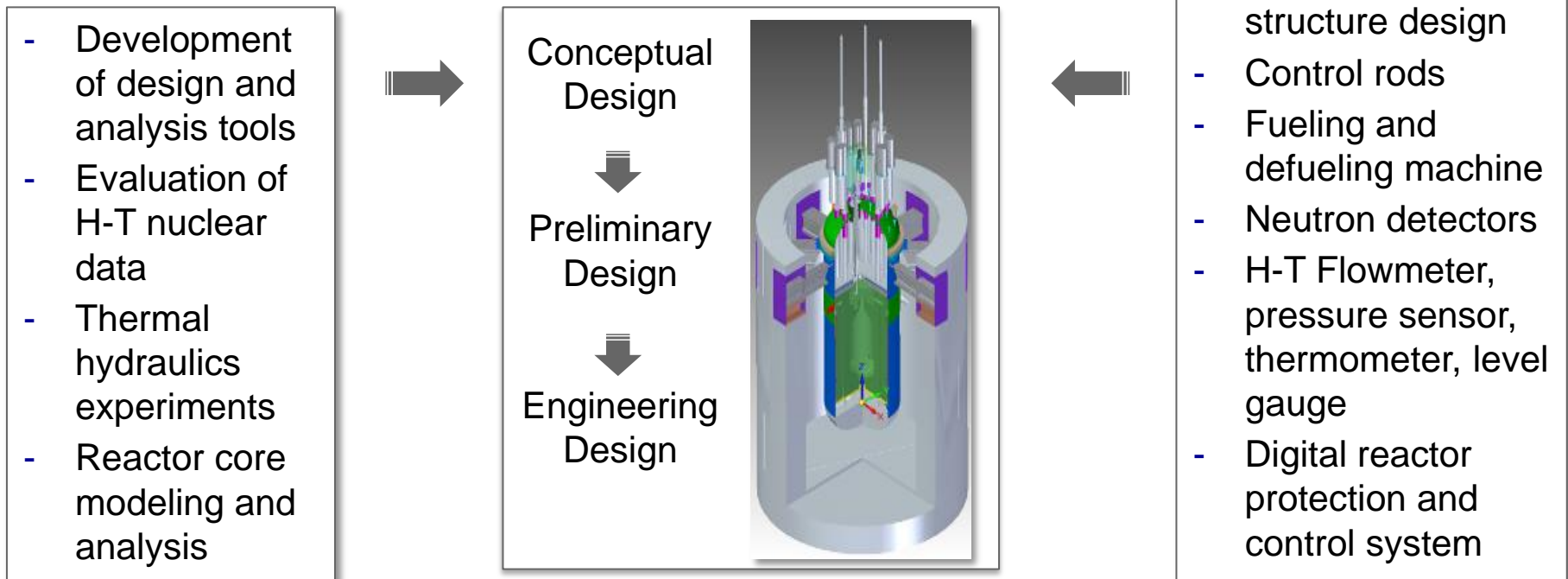


2. Systems and Techs of TMSR - Thorium-Uranium Fuel Cycle



2. Systems and Techs of TMSR - Reactor Design and Components Development

- Development of design and analysis methods and tools
- Development of technology and equipment used for high-temperature fluoride salts
- Design of the 2 MW TMSR-LF1 and the 10 MW TMSR-SF1
- Design of the “simulator” TMSR-SF0



2. Systems and Techs of TMSR - Fluoride Salt Loops

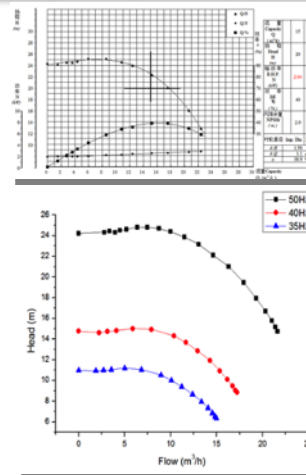
- Constructed high-temperature fluoride salt loops.
 - Developed equipment to be used with fluoride salts, e.g., pump, heat exchanger, valve, seal, pressure meter, etc.
- Design and analysis methods for high-temperature fluoride salt loops
 - Prototypes for pump, valve, heat exchanger, etc.
 - Experience of loading and unloading of fluoride salts
 - Experience of high-temperature fluoride salt loops operation and maintenance



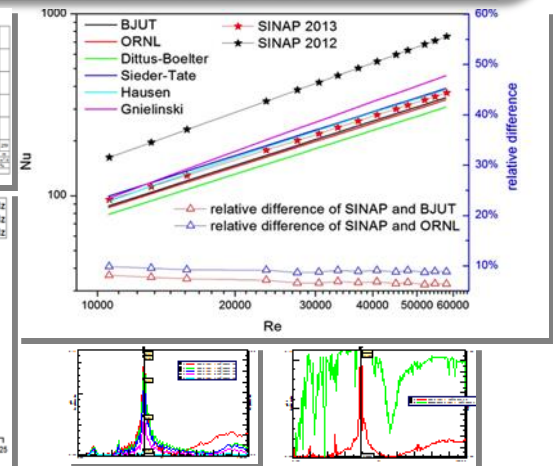
High-temperature fluoride salt experimental loop



Prototypes of equipment

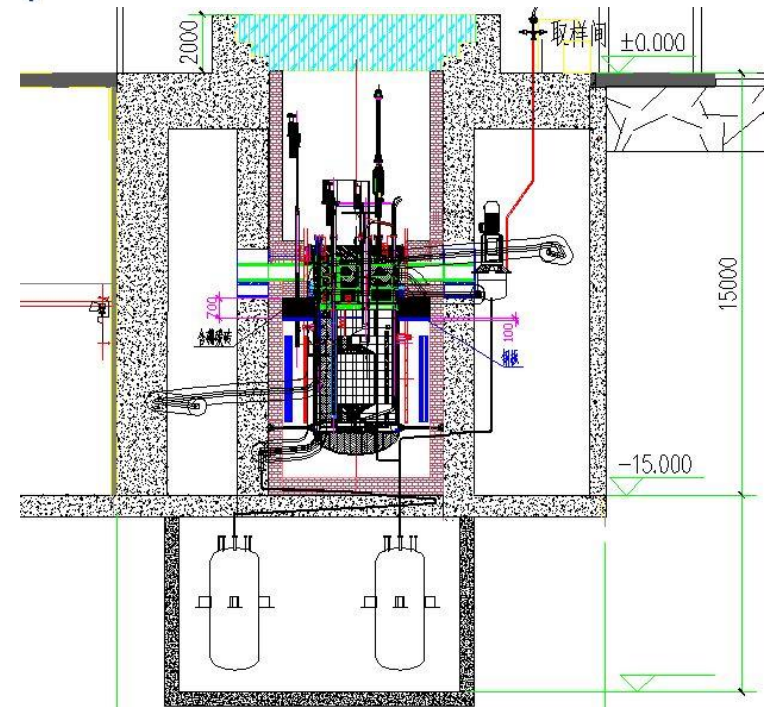
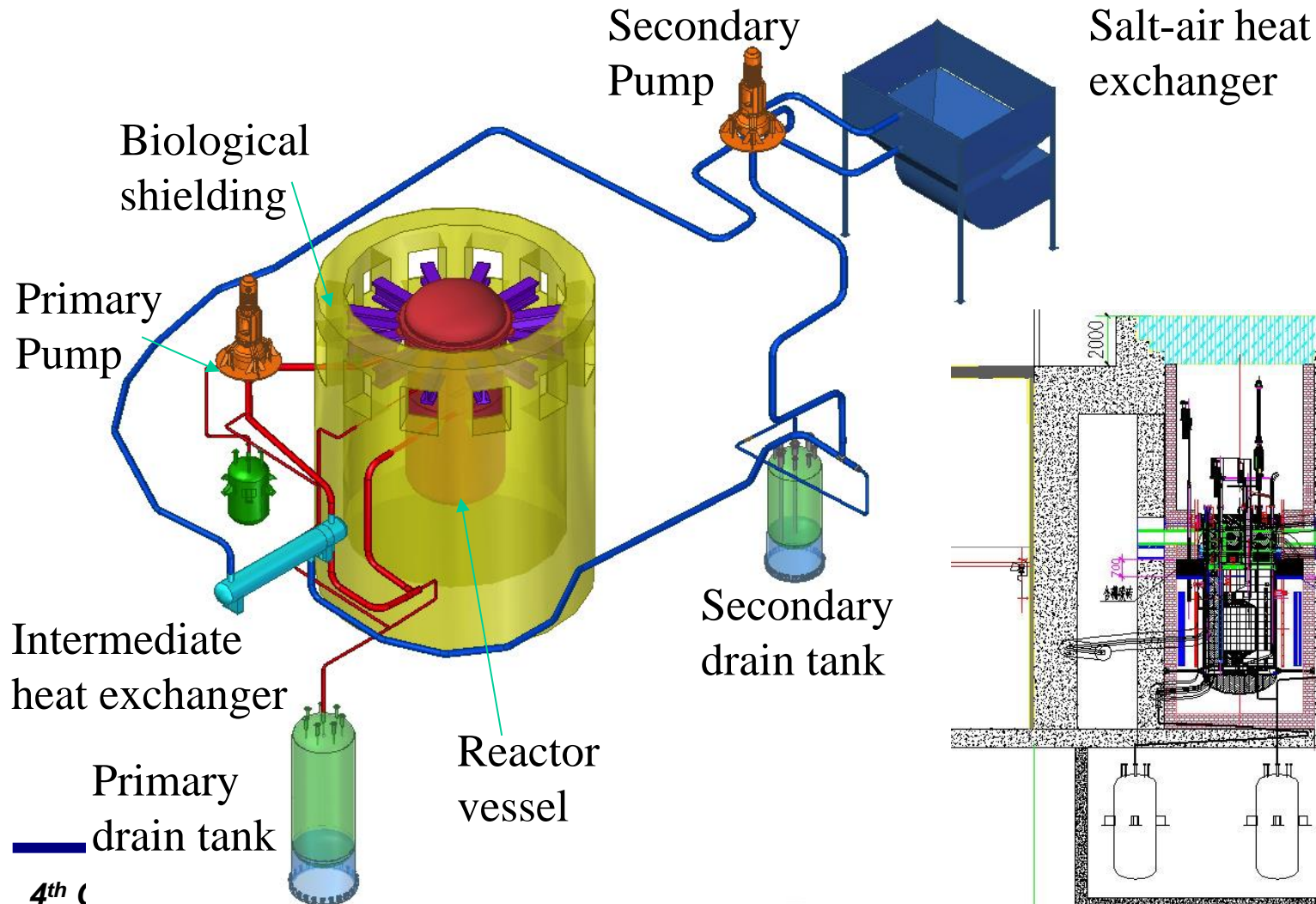


Hydraulic test of molten salt pump



Thermal hydraulic & mechanical test of loop

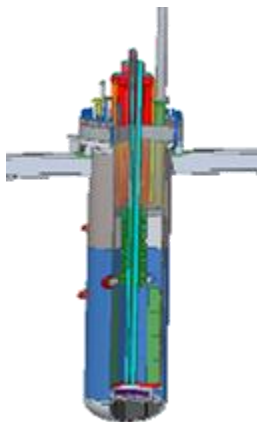
3. TMSR Design - Completion of the TMSR-SF1 Design



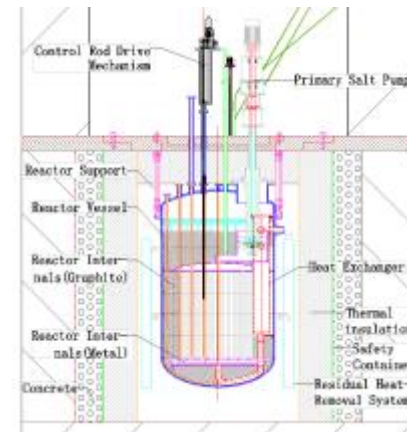
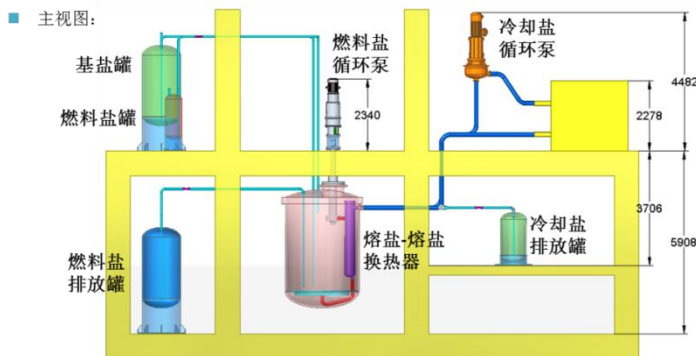
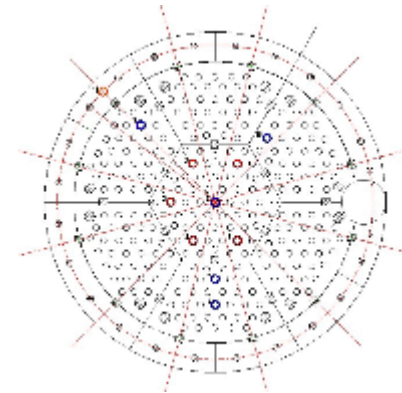
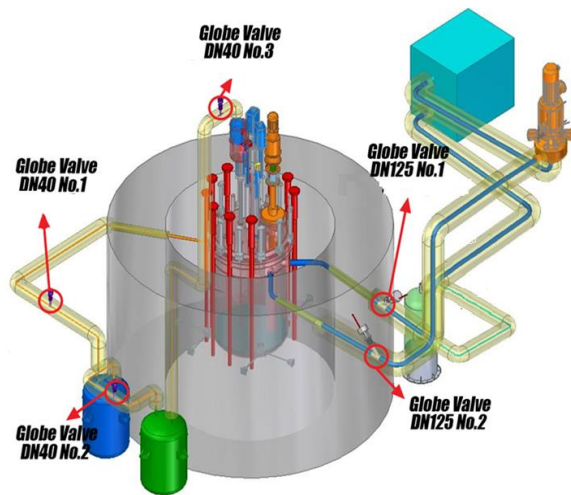
3. TMSR Design - Progress of the TMSR-SF0 Construction



- The engineering design was complete and major components was ordered
- Steel frames were constructed
- Installation of major components is expected to start in mid of 2018
- A practice for the future test reactor construction



3. TMSR Design - Progress of the TMSR-LF1 Design



3. TMSR Design - Site Evaluation and Preparation

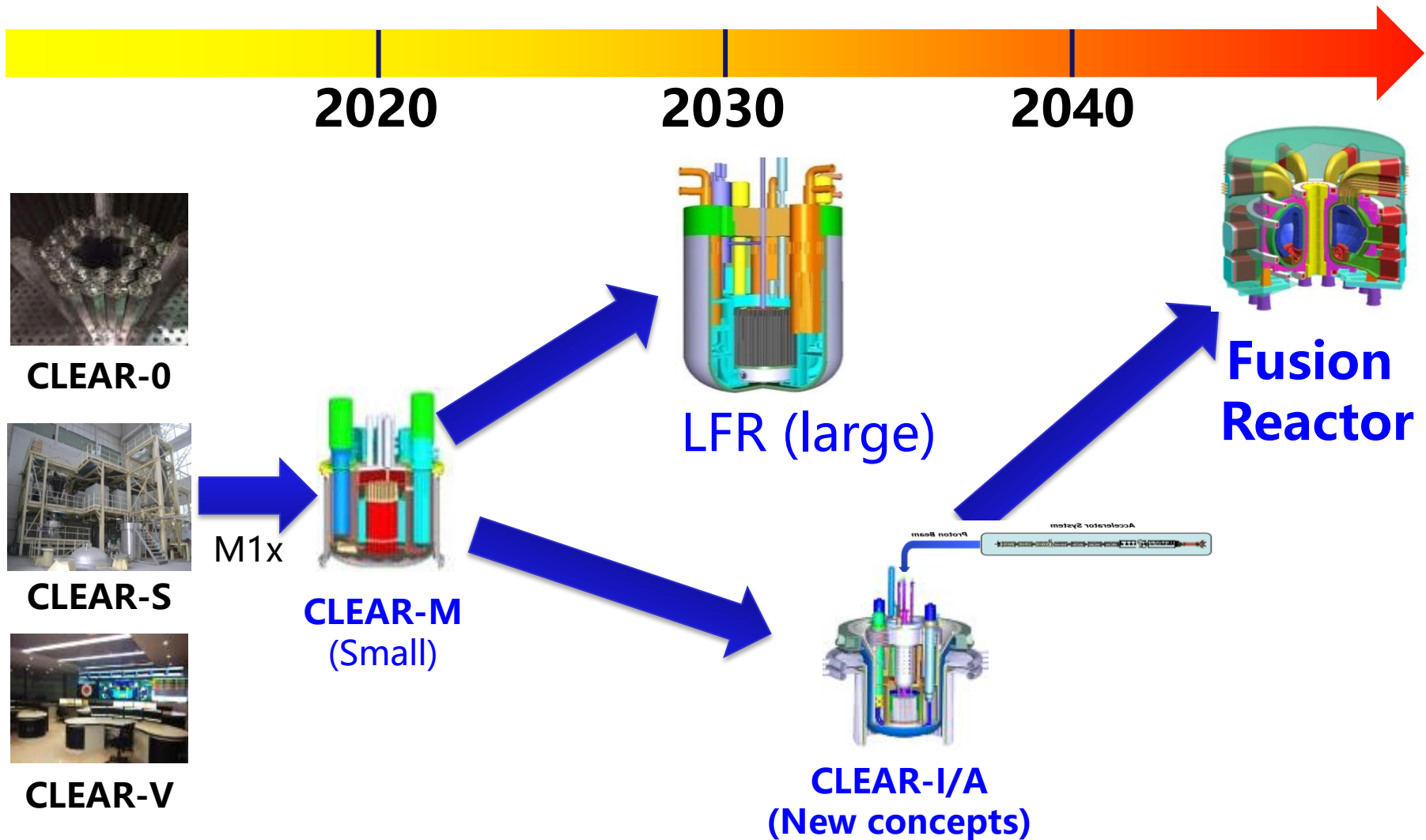
- *NNSA evaluation and approval*
 - *Environmental impact and site safety reports submitted in 12/2017*
 - *121 Q1s were generated in 02/2018*
 - *Reviewers and applicants met in 03/2018 to resolve most Q1s*
 - *Reviewers to visit candidate site in 04/2018*
 - *Remaining Q1s & Q2s to be reviewed by NNSA committee in 07/2018.*

Outlines — LFR

- *Introduction*
- *Key Technologies*
- *Three Integrated Test Reactors*
- *Engineering Implementation Activities*

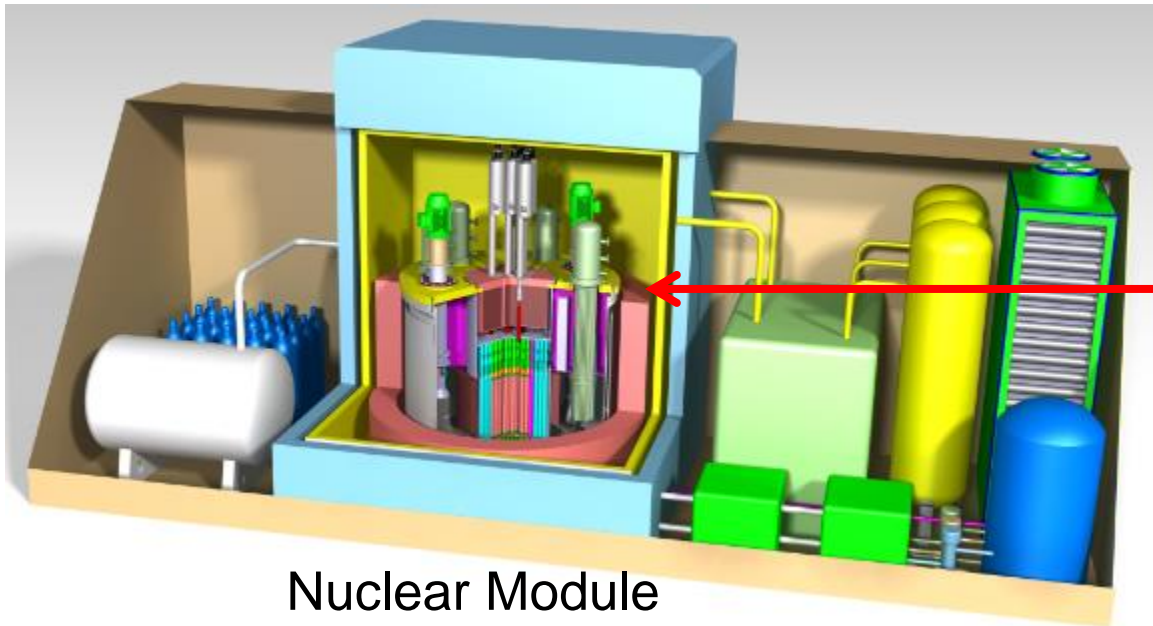
*****The Content of This Part is Provided by Institute of Nuclear Energy Safety Technology, Chinese Academy of Sciences.***

1. Introduction - Roadmap Proposal

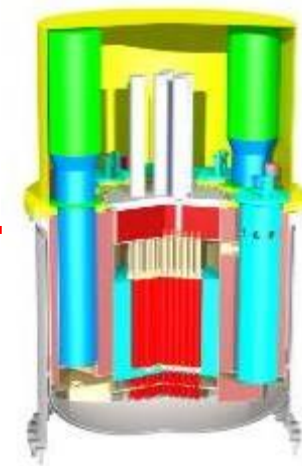


1. Introduction - CLEAR-M10d Design

- *10MW Class Lead-based Mini-Reactor*
 - *Small modular and compact, easy to transport and install*
 - *Inherent safety, no severe accident*
 - *Long duration, better economy, environmentally friendly*



Nuclear Module

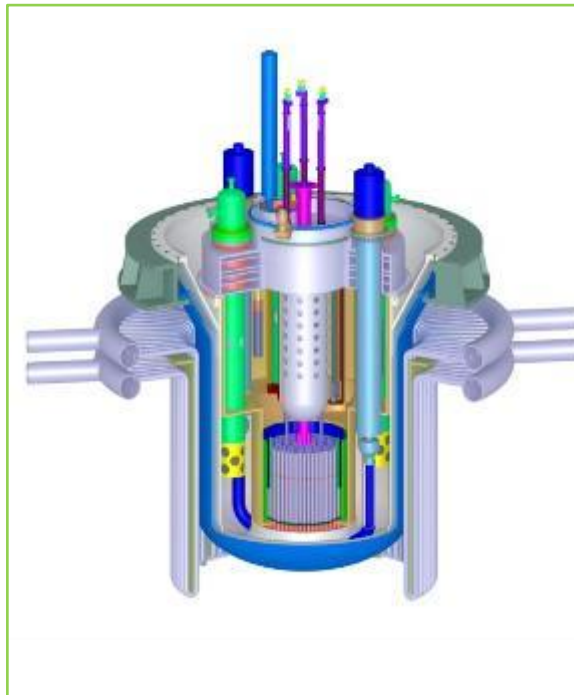


Reactor

1. Introduction - ADS Reactor for Transmutation CLEAR-I

- Objective: ADS/ Lead-based Reactor technology validation
- Design status: the detailed conceptual design has been done

1. Nuclear Design
2. Thermo-hydraulic Design
3. Coolant System
4. Reactor Structure
5. Reactivity Control System
6. Refueling System
7. LBE Process System
8. Fuel Assembly
9. Safety System
10. I&C System
11. Application System
12. Radiation Protection System
13. Auxiliary System
14. ...



Parameter	Values
Thermal power	10MW
Fuel (enrichment)	UO ₂ (19.75%)
Primary coolant	LBE
Inlet/Outlet Temp.	~300/385°C
Second coolant	Water
Cladding	15-15Ti/316Ti
Structure	316L

CLEAR-III is designed as commercial ADS reactor for nuclear waste transmutation, which has the transmutation performance of $TSR_{LLMA} > 10$

2. Key Technologies

- Coolant Technology
- Key Components

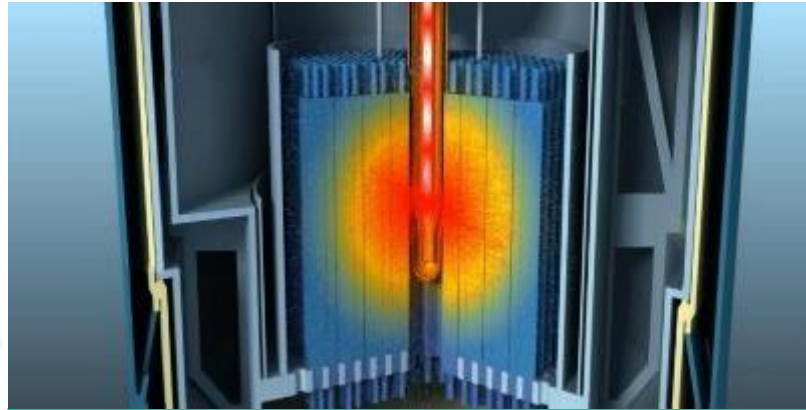
- Materials and Fuel
- Operation and Control

>30,000h operation



1:1 scale prototype components, tested under lead alloy condition

3. Three Integrated Test Reactors



Digital Simulation CLEAR-V

Multi-physics integrated simulation by ~30 codes



Physics Test CLEAR-0

Critical and subcritical dual-mode



Engineering Validation CLEAR-S

2.5MWth, >200t LBE pool type facility

4. Engineering Implementation Activities

- ✓ Industrial park for lead-based reactor
~700,000 m² laboratory under construction
- ✓ China Industry Innovation Alliance of Lead-based Reactor (CIIALER)
over 100 enterprises
president member INEST,CAS



THANKS

Any Questions?